

Furukawa Electric Co., Ltd.

Q2 Financial Results Briefing for the Fiscal Year Ending March 2026

November 10, 2025

[Number of Speakers]

2

Hideya Moridaira Koji Aoshima President

Representative Director, Corporate Senior Vice President, and General Manager of Finance & Accounting

Division



Moridaira: I am Moridaira. Thank you very much for taking time out of your busy schedule today to participate in the Company's financial results presentation for Q2 of FY2025. We will provide an explanation in accordance with the documents we have posted on our website. Thank you.

Agenda

FY25 H1 Financial Results and FY25 Full-year Forecasts

- FY25 H1 Financial Results Highlights
- Overview of the FY25 Full-year Forecasts
- Shareholder Returns
- Progress of the Data Center Related Businesses
- Direction of the Next Medium to Long-term Management Strategy
- FY25 H1 Financial Results -P/L Summary
 - -Breakdown of Changes in Net Sales & Operating Profit
- FY25 Full-year Forecasts -P/L Summary
- Net Sales & Operating Profit by Segment
- FY25 H1 Financial Results -B/S Summary
- CAPEX, Depreciation & Amortization and R&D Expenses

Appendix

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First, please see page three. Here is today's agenda.

I will explain the direction of the next medium to long-term strategy, and Mr. Aoshima, General Manager of the Finance Division, will explain the rest.

FY25 H1 Financial Results Highlights



■ Net sales and each level of profit increased compared to last year

JPY billion, JPY/kg, JPY/USD)	FY24_H1	FY25_H1	YoY change
	а	b	b-a
Net sales	570.4	610.7	+40.3
Operating profit	17.5	19.4	+1.8
Ordinary profit	19.0	20.5	+1.5
Profit attributable to owners of parent	11.2	12.9	+1.8
Average copper price	1,497	1,461	(36)
Average exchange rate	153	146	(7)

First, I would like to explain the H1 results for the current fiscal year and the full-year forecast for the current fiscal year.

Please see page five. These are the key points of the H1 results.

Net sales, operating profit, and the following figures all exceeded those of the same period of the previous year, resulting in an increase in both sales and profit.

Overview of the FY25 Full-year Forecasts



■ Full-year forecasts remains unchanged

JPY billion, JPY/kg, JPY/USD)	FY24 Results	FY25 Previous forecasts*	FY25 Forecasts	YoY change	
	a	b	С	c-a	(Reference)
Net sales	1,201.8	1,200.0	1,200.0	(1.8)	Impact and response of tariffs introduced by the United S Direct impact of tariffs Response
Operating profit	47.1	53.0	53.0	+5.9	Increase in cost Purchases of raw materials, and products, etc. Tariff burden during sales Recovery of the cost incre Incorporate the tariffs sales prices Change the supply ch
Ordinary profit	48.6	52.0	52.0	+3.4	etc. Automotive Products Solutions Automotive Products & Batteries
Profit attributable to owners of parent	33.4	36.0	36.0	+2.6	
Average copper price	1,478	1,335	1,398	(80)	H2 assumption Copper price: JPY 1,335 /kg
Average exchange rate	153	140	143	(10)	Exchange rate: JPY 140/ USD

Please see the next page, page six. This is the full-year forecast for the current fiscal year.

As you can see, we have decided to leave our full-year forecast unchanged from our previous forecast. We have updated you on the impact of the US tariffs, but as we have already explained, while there is an impact, it has not reached the point where we have had to change our forecast by taking corresponding measures.

Considering the current progress, we have determined that there is no need to revise the full-year forecast at this time.

Shareholder returns



■For the year-end dividend, we plan to issue a dividend of JPY 120 per share (The figures announced on May 13, 2025 remain unchanged)



Basic policy on shareholder returns

The Company's basic policy is to provide stable and continuous returns to shareholders and to link dividend payments to business performance, with a target of 30% of profit attributable to owners of parent

Please see the next page, page seven. This is our shareholder return policy.

We have decided to maintain the previously disclosed forecast of JPY120 per share for FY2025. As I mentioned earlier, by leaving the full-year forecast unchanged, we have decided to leave this return unchanged as well.

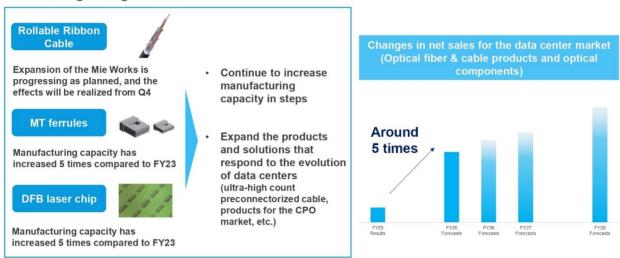
Progress of the Data Center Related Businesses

(Optical fiber & cable products, optical components)



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Manufacturing capacity is steadily increasing, and we will accelerate the response to further growing demand



Please see the next page, page eight. This section provides a topical overview, summarizing the current progress of our data center-related business. I will begin by discussing the situation regarding optical fiber & cable products and optical components.

The production increase of Rollable Ribbon Cable at the Mie plant in Japan is proceeding as planned, with financial effects expected to begin to emerge in Q4 of this fiscal year.

As for the increased production of MT ferrules, we have already reached five times the production capacity for FY2023, and the effects of this increase are beginning to be felt. Production of DFB laser chip increased five-fold compared to FY2023, as did MT ferrules. This is our manufacturing capacity.

Demand and orders for these products remain strong, and we expect to increase capacity in stages.

For example, we are working on the launch of preconnectorized cables with MT ferrules attached to the fiber ends of ultra-high count Rollable Ribbon Cable, which is expected to be realized within this fiscal year. We are also in the process of increasing production of optical components for the Co-Packed Optics (CPO) market.

As a result, sales of products for the data center market in the current fiscal year are expected to increase roughly fivefold compared to FY2023.

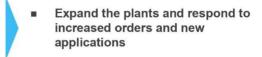
Progress of the Data Center Related Businesses

(Heat dissipation and cooling systems)



Continued growth is expected in the data center cooling system market, and manufacturing capacity will be further expanded

- Preparations to open the new water-cooling products plant are steadily progressing (Plan to start mass production in September 2026)
- Demand for water-cooling products will further increase as a result of increased heat generation from the higher performance computing devices used for generative Al









Around 4 times FY25 FY30 Results Forecasts Forecasts Forecasts Forecasts Air-cooling Water-cooling

FTL (Philippines) water-cooling products plant

Please see page nine. Here is another progress of the data center-related market. This is the situation regarding the heat dissipation and cooling systems.

Demand for cooling devices for data centers also remains strong. Accordingly, we are continuing to respond to the increased production. With demand for water-cooling systems expected to grow in addition to air-cooling systems, preparations for the start-up of the new water-cooling products plant are progressing smoothly and on schedule.

As the performance of computing equipment used for generative AI continues to improve, heat generation has also been increasing. Consequently, demand for water-cooling systems is emerging earlier than initially expected, and we anticipate a transition period ahead in which air-cooling will gradually be replaced by water-cooling.

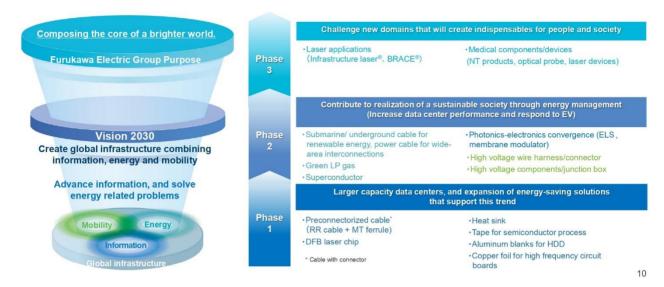
Therefore, we are beginning to see the possibility that sales growth for air-cooling products may stall until the new water-cooling products plant begins to produce output. We expect to start receiving orders for water-cooling systems in FY2026, and we expect that this will lead to a significant increase in sales of water-cooling systems in FY2027 and beyond.

As shown in the graph, sales of air-cooling systems are expected to increase fourfold in FY2025 compared to FY2022, and we expect sales to increase significantly in FY2027 as the transition to water-cooling systems begins to take place in addition to air-cooling systems.

Direction of the Next Medium to Long-term Management Strategy



■ Accelerating growth strategy through purpose-driven management for Vision 2030



Please see page 10. This is the direction of the next medium to long-term management strategy, and we are re-posting the diagram that we have been showing you for some time.

As shown in this diagram, we are currently moving from Phase 1 to Phase 2 toward achieving our vision for 2030, "Vision 2030." Furthermore, we are advancing R&D, marketing, and other activities for Phase 3, and are promoting purpose-driven management.

This is all for my explanation. Mr. Aoshima, General Manager of the Finance & Accounting Division, will now give a detailed explanation of H1 results for the current fiscal year or the full-year forecast for the current fiscal year.

FY25 H1 Financial Results -P/L Summary



■ Net sales and profit increased year-on-year, with progress in line with expectations

JPY billion, JPY/kg, JPY/USD)	FY24_H1	FY25_H1	YoY change	Breakdown of chang			
	a	b	b-a				
Net sales	570.4	610.7	+40.3	See page 13			
Operating profit	17.5	19.4	+1.8	See page 14			
(Margin)	3.1%	3.2%	+0.1				
Interest income (expenses)	(4.0)	(3.9)	+0.1				
Share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method	6.2	5.1	(1.1)				
Foreign exhange gains (losses)	(2.6)	(2.0)	+0.6				
Ordinary profit	19.0	20.5	+1.5				
(Margin)	3.3%	3.4%	+0.0				
Extraordinary income (losses)	(3.1)	0.4	+3.5	Extraordinary income +0.4 [1.5→1.9]			
Income taxes	(3.1)	(6.3)	(3.2)	· Extraordinary loss			
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	(1.6)	(1.6)	+0.0	+3.1 [(4.6)→(1.5)]			
Profit attributable to owners of parent	11.2	12.9	+1.8				
(Margin)	2.0%	2.1%	+0.2				
Average copper price	1,497	1,461	(36)				
Average exhange rate	153	146	(7)				

Aoshima: I will now explain the financial results for H1 of FY2025 and the forecast for the full year of FY2025.

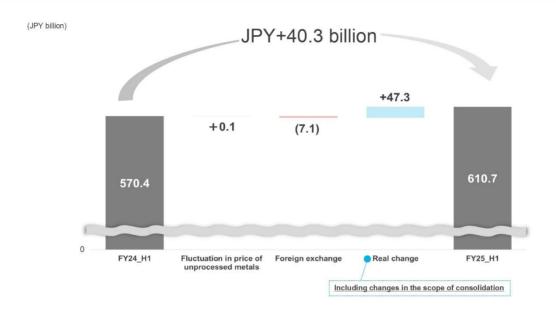
Please see page 12. This is a P&L summary of the financial results for H1 of FY2025.

The reasons for the increase or decrease in net sales and operating profit are explained on the next page and thereafter. Share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method deteriorated by JPY1.1 billion from the previous year, mainly due to the exclusion of UACJ from the equity method.

FY25H1 Financial Results -Breakdown of Changes in Net Sales



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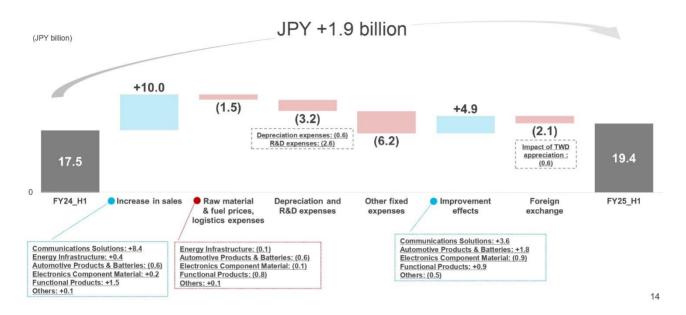
The next page, page 13, shows the breakdown of changes in net sales for H1.

Net sales increased JPY40.3 billion YoY. The fluctuation in price of unprocessed metals is plus JPY0.1 billion, the foreign exchange impact due to yen appreciation is minus JPY7.1 billion, and the real change including changes in the scope of consolidation is plus JPY47.3 billion.

The main components of the real change were an increase of about JPY30.0 billion in Communications Solutions, an increase of about JPY6.0 billion in Electronics Component Material, and an increase of about JPY9.0 billion in Functional Products.

FY25H1 Financial Results -Breakdown of Changes in Operating Profit





Page 14 shows the breakdown of changes in operating profit.

A JPY10.0 billion plus due to increase in sales. By major breakdown, Communications Solutions and Functional Products posted positive growth of JPY8.4 billion and JPY1.5 billion, respectively. Raw material & fuel prices, logistics expenses increased by JPY1.5 billion, and depreciation and R&D expenses and other fixed expenses increased partly due to the effect of new consolidation but were covered by improvement effects and other factors by JPY4.9 billion.

Foreign exchange effects were negative JPY2.1 billion due to the appreciation of the yen against the US dollar and the appreciation of the Taiwan dollar against the US dollar, while the overall increase/decrease factor was positive JPY1.9 billion.

FY25 Full-year Forecasts -P/L Summary



■ Full-year forecasts remain unchanged

JPY billion, JPY/kg, JPY/USD)	FY24 Results	FY25 Previous forecasts*	FY25 Forecasts	YoY change	Change from previous forecasts	
	а	b	С	c-a	c-b	
Net sales	1,201.8	1,200.0	1,200.0	(1.8)	-	
Operating profit	47.1	53.0	53.0	+5.9		
(Margin)	3.9%	4.4%	4.4%	+0.5	-	
Interest income (expenses)	(8.0)	14	-	-		
Share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method	10.6	-	-	-	-	
Foreign exhange gains (losses)	(2.2)	-	-	12		
Ordinary profit	48.6	52.0	52.0	+3.4		
(Margin)	4.0%	4.3%	4.3%	+0.3	-	
Extraordinary income (losses)	5.5	6.0	6.0	+0.5	-	
Income taxes	(16.8)	-	-	-	-	
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	(4.0)	-	-	-	-	
Profit attributable to owners of parent	33.4	36.0	36.0	+2.6	-	
(Margin)	2.8%	3.0%	3.0%	+0.2	-	r
Average copper price	1,478	1,335	1,398	(80)	+63	H2 assumption Copper price : JPY 1,335 /kg
Average exhange rate	153	140	143	(10)	+3	Exchange rate: JPY 140/ US

*Announced on August 7, 2025

Net Sales & Operating Profit by Segment



■ Full-year forecasts remain unchanged

(JPY billion)	Net sales			Operating profit			Net sales					Operating profit					
	FY24_H1	FY25_H1	YoY change	FY24_H1	FY25_H1	YoY change	FY24 Results	FY25 Previous forecasts	FY25 Forecasts	YoY change	Change from previous forecasts	FY24 Results	FY25 Previous forecasts*	FY25 Forecasts	YoY change	Change from previous forecasts	
	0	b	b-a	с	d	d-c	e	f	g	g-e	g-f	h	- 1	j	j-h	j4	
Infrastructure	143.9	172.2	+28.3	(2.4)	2.7	+5.1	309.1	375.0	375.0	+65.9	-	5.8	14.0	14.0	+8.2		
Communications Solutions	76.7	103.4	+26.8	(5.6)	0.1	+5.7	167.0	235.0	235.0	+68.0	-	(4.0)	7.5	7.5	+11.5		
Energy infrastructure	67.2	68.8	+1.5	3.2	2.6	(0.7)	142.1	140.0	140.0	(2.1)	1.5	9.8	6.5	6.5	(3.3)		
Electronics & Automotive Systems	350.6	352.1	+1.4	14.5	13.1	(1.4)	736.4	665.0	665.0	(71.4)	-	32.6	27.0	27.0	(5.6)		
Automotive Products & Batteries	196.8	194.7	(2.1)	11.3	10.8	(0.5)	409.5	370.0	370.0	(39.5)	-	27.6	22.0	22.0	(5.6)		
Electronics Component Materials	153.8	157.4	+3.6	3.2	2.2	(0.9)	327.0	295.0	295.0	(32.0)	-	5.0	5.0	5.0	0.0		
Functional Products	72.4	80.7	+8.2	7.9	7.4	(0.6)	147.0	160.0	160.0	+13.0	-	14.1	17.0	17.0	+2.9		
Service and Developments, etc.	16.5	19.9	+3.4	(2.4)	(3.7)	(1.3)	34.8	40.0	40.0	+5.2		(5.4)	(5.0)	(5.0)	+0.4		
Elimination of intra-company transactions	(13.1)	(14.1)	(1.0)	(0.1)	(0.1)	+0.0	(25.6)	(40.0)	(40.0)	(14.4)	-	(0.1)	0.0	0.0	+0.1		
Total	570.4	610.7	+40.3	17.5	19.4	+1.8	1,201.8	1,200.0	1,200.0	(1.8)		47.1	53.0	53.0	+5.9		

^{*} Announced on August 7, 2025

Next, since the full-year forecast and segment sales and operating profit on pages 15 and 16 remain unchanged from the August forecast, we omit the explanation of these items.

Operating Profit by Segment



(JPY billion)	profit of main s			lte	EV2E (Surrent E	oronosta	V	oV chang	•						
(JPY billion)		FY24 Results			FY25 Current Forecasts H1 H2			YoY change						forecas		
Segments	Sub-segments	H1	H2		Results	Forecasts		H1	H2			Main re	ason c	of YoY c	nange	
				а			b			b-a						
Infrastructure	Communications Solutions	(5.6)	1.6	(4.0)	0.1	7.4	7.5	+5.7	+5.8	+11.5	 Increased net sales of data center rel products (realize benefits from invest increased production) 					
	Energy Infrastructure	3.2	6.6	9.8	2.6	3.9	6.5	(0.7)	(2.6)	(3.3)	• Diff	Differences in profitability of individual projections				
Electronics & Automotive Automotive Products & Systems Batteries		11.3	16.3	27.6	10.8	11.2	22.0	(0.5)	(5.1)	(5.6)	Deconsolidation of Furukawa Battery Co., Ltd. (Q4) Increased fixed expenses Decreased sales in Chinese and Southeast Asian market (from Q2)					
	Electronics Component Material	3.2	1.9	5.0	2.3	2.8	5.0	(0.9)	+0.9	0.0						
Functional Proc	lucts	7.9	6.2	14.1	7.4	9.6	17.0	(0.6)	+3.5	+2.9	Firm demand for data center related products				cts	
Consolidated to	otal	17.5	29.6	47.1	19.4	33.6	53.0	+1.8	•+4.1	+5.9	(Reference			er price JP gn exchange		
(include service an segment, and elimi	d developments, etc. nation)	17.5 29.0	29.0	7.0 41.1	19.4	33.0	55.0	+1.8	₹4.1	+3.3	FY24_H1	FY24_H2	FY24	FY25_H1	FY25_H2 forecasts	FY25 (ref.)
											1,497	1,460	1,478	1,461	1,335	1,398
			Inc	luding fo	roian o	chango	impact of	about II	DV(2 0) h	illion	153	153	153	146	140	143

The next page, page 17, shows H1 results and H2 forecasts for operating profit by segment.

The H1 results are expected to be JPY19.4 billion and the H2 forecast is JPY33.6 billion. The negative impact of approximately JPY2.0 billion is included due to the assumed exchange rate of JPY140 to the US dollar in H2 of the fiscal year. This means that if the yen depreciates against last year's base, there is a possibility of an upward swing of approximately JPY2.0 billion.

For the full-year forecast, the Communications Solutions segment is expected to post a YoY increase in profit driven by continued growth in sales of data center-related products.

The Energy Infrastructure segment is projected to record a YoY decline in profit due to differences in profitability among individual projects.

The Automotive Products and Batteries segment is also expected to see a YoY decrease, mainly due to the deconsolidation of Furukawa Battery.

The Electronics Component Material segment is expected to remain flat YoY, while the Functional Products segment is projected to post a YoY increase in profit, supported by steady demand for data center–related products.



center market

*2 Distributed Feedback Laser

(±) Impact of new consolidation

(+) Increased sales of data center related

*1 Announced on August 7, 2025

products, etc.

Next, page 18. The following is a description of the conditions for each sub-segment. First, Communications Solutions.

Rollable ribbon cable and solution

Respond to the impact of the US tariffs

Increased demand for the data center market

Key points

Strengthen development, manufacturing, and sales system of products for the data

MT ferrules

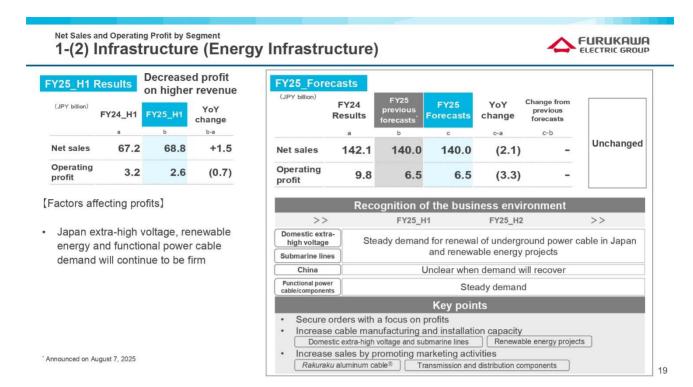
DFB laser*2

18

The H1 results show YoY increases in both sales and profit. The increase in sales of products for data centers and other products led to an increase in profit.

The perception of the business environment is shown here and has not changed significantly since the August announcement.

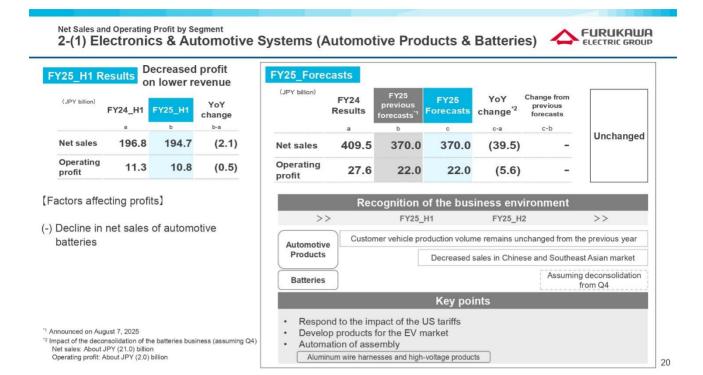
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Next, on page 19, is Energy Infrastructure.

Results for H1 show an increase in sales and a decrease in profit compared to the same period last year. Although profits declined in H1 due to differences in profitability and other factors for each construction project, demand for domestic extra-high voltage, renewable energy and functional power cable continue to be strong.

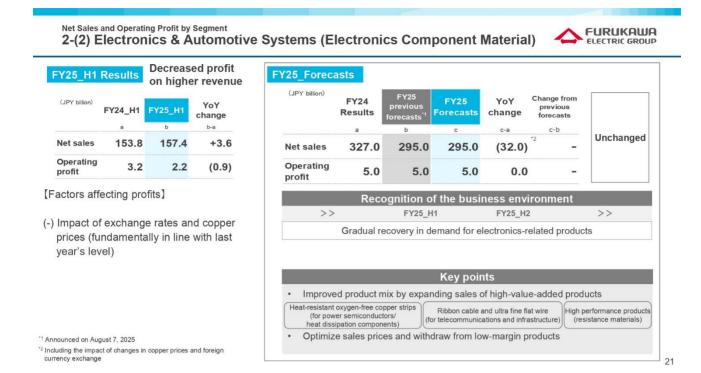
There has been no major change in our perception of the business environment since the August announcement.



Next, on page 20, are Automotive Products and Batteries.

The H1 results show YoY declines in both sales and profits. Profit decreased due to lower sales at Furukawa Battery.

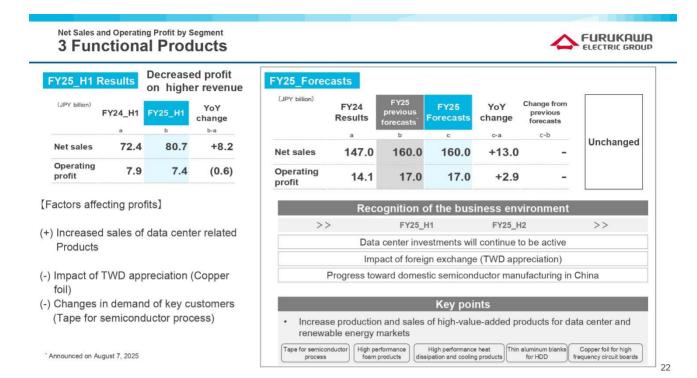
The timing of the deconsolidation of Furukawa Battery is assumed to be from Q4, as was announced in August. Other than that, there has been no change in our perception of the business environment since the August announcement.



Next, on page 21, is Electronics Component Material.

The H1 results show an increase in sales and a decrease in profit compared to the same period last year. The increase in sales was mainly due to the impact of an increase in sales at overseas consolidated subsidiaries.

The decrease was due to the impact of a temporary valuation gains due to rising copper prices in Q2 of last year. There has been no change in our perception of the business environment since the August announcement.



Next, on page 22, are the Functional Products.

The H1 results show an increase in sales and a decrease in profit compared to the same period last year. Demand for data center-related products was strong, and the increase in sales of heat dissipation and cooling products contributed to the increase in profit.

On the other hand, profit decreased in copper foil due to the appreciation of the Taiwan dollar against the US dollar and the depreciation of the US dollar, as well as changes in demand from major customers in tape for semiconductor process. There has been no change in our perception of the business environment since the August announcement.

FY25H1 Financial Results -B/S Summary



(JPY billion)	End of FY24	End of FY25H1	Change	
	а	b	b-a	
Current assets	556.4	579.1	+22.7	
Cash and deposits	60.0	66.6	+6.6	Inventories Increased by JPY 10.6 billion
Notes and accounts receivable - trade, and contract assets	260.6	262.5	+2.0	Impact of projects and construction expected to be recorded as net sales in the futu- JPY +2.7 billion
Total inventories	195.0	205.7	+10.6	3000007 (0.0000004) 0.00000
Non-current assets	430.6	452.8	+22.2	
Property, plant and equipment	277.0	280.6	+3.6	Property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets
Intangible assets	22.9	24.3	+1.4	Increased by JPY 5.0 billion
Investments and other assets	130.7	147.9	+17.2	
Total assets	987.0	1,031.9	+44.9	
Current liabilities	394.5	437.7	+43.2	Investments and other assets Increased by JPY 17.2 billion
Non-current liabilities	219.2	209.3	(9.9)	Investment securities JPY +15.9 billion
Total liabilities	613.7	647.0	+33.3	
Shareholders' equity	291.5	295.2	+3.7	
Accumulated other comprehensive income	49.9	57.8	+7.8	Total assets Increased by JPY 44.9 billion
Non-controlling interests	31.9	32.0	+0.1	
Total net assets	373.3	385.0	+11.6	
Total liabilities and net assets	987.0	1,031.9	+44.9	
Equity capital ratio	34.6%	34.2%	(0.4)	
Net interest-bearing debt	246.2	275.2	+29.0	
Net D/E ratio	0.72	0.78	+0.06	

Next, on page 23, is the balance sheet summary.

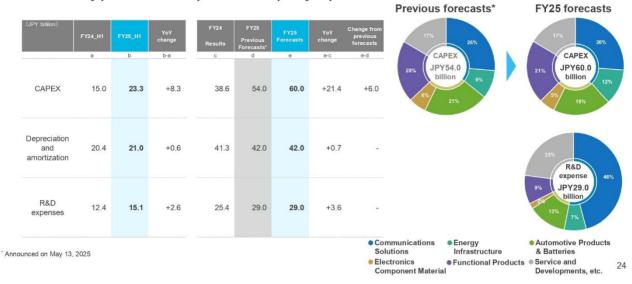
Total assets are JPY1031.9 billion. The JPY44.9 billion increase from the end of the previous fiscal year was mainly due to an increase in inventories and an increase in the market value of investment securities in line with rising stock prices.

CAPEX, Depreciation & Amortization and R&D Expenses



■ Revised full-year forecast for CAPEX

· Mainly plan to invest in production capacity expansion



The next page, page 24, shows CAPEX, depreciation & amortization and R&D expenses.

CAPEX have been revised upward by JPY6.0 billion to JPY60.0 billion, reflecting partial spending related to the HVDC cable manufacturing facilities in the Energy Infrastructure segment, as announced in October, as well as partial spending for the expansion of the manufacturing plant for water-cooling module for data centers in the Functional Products segment, which was announced today. Depreciation & amortization and R&D expenses remain unchanged from those announced in August.

That is all for the explanation.